92487 to 92489—Continued.

92488. Variety Ojochin (Senriko). A wide-spreading tree with brownish-gray bark; the young foliage is coppery green, and the flowers, single or nearly so, are white with a pink blush, fragrant, and about 2 inches across, with usually three or four in a cluster. The petals are slightly wrinkled, giving the flowers the appearance of being semi-double.

For previous introduction see 69085.

92489. Variety Shirofugen. Tree up to 25 feet high, wide-spreading in habit, with dark-brownish bark. The very young foliage is dull mahogany red, with the same hue shading the deep-cerise, truncate flower buds. The clear-pink, double flowers, up to 2½ inches across, become white with age, and are in drooping clusters of three or four. From the center of the flower protrude 2 or sometimes 3 to 5 leaf-like pistils. On the Pacific coast this variety has been grown under the name of Victory.

92490 to 92501.

From England. Seeds presented by the director, Botanic Garden, Cambridge. Received April 6, 1931.

92490. ALLIUM FARRERI W. T. Stearn. Liliaceae. Onion.

An onion, native to Siku, China, with 4 to 6 linear leaves 10 to 15 inches long and lax umbels of 6 to 30 campanulate red-purple flowers.

92491. BERBERIS CHITRIA D. Don. beridaceae. Ba: Barberry.

A spiny half-evergreen shrub, 6 feet or less high, with oblong leaves 1 to 3 inches long, deep-yellow or reddish flowers in long-stemmed panicles, and ovoid purple berries. It is native to the Himalayas.

For previous introduction see 73530.

92492. BERBERIS EMPETRIFOLIA Pers. beridaceae. Crow barberry.

A low densely branched barberry, native to southern South America, 1 or 2 feet high, with linear, bright-green leaves and bluish-black fruits.

For previous introduction see 79507.

Aquifoli-92493. ILEX INTEGRA Thunb. aceae. Holly.

An evergreen Japanese shrub or tree, up to 40 feet in height, with oval or oblong, usually entire leaves 2 to 3 inches long and globular or ovoid red berries.

For previous introduction see 67361.

92494 to 92496. IRIS spp. Iridaceae.

92494. IRIS BULLEYANA Dykes. Hollowstem iris.

An iris from western China which resembles *Iris clarkei*, except that the stem is hollow. The narrow leaves are stem is hollow. The narrow leaves are glossy above and glaucous beneath, and the stem, 15 to 18 inches long, bears a single head of one or two flowers. The falls have a greenish-yellow oblong haft, veined and dotted with purple. On the obovate blade the coloring becomes clearer and consists of broken veins and blotches of bright blue purple on a creamy ground. The extremity is a uniform blue purple, paler at

92490 to 92501-Continued.

the edges. The oblanceolate, channeled standards are pale blue purple with deeper veins, and they diverge at an angle of about 60°. The keeled, dark-purple styles are held high above the falls.

For previous introduction see 67364.

92495. IRIS CHRYSOGRAPHES Dykes. Goldvein iris.

One of the handsomest of the beardless irises; the velvety dark-purple flowers are brightened by golden reticulations at the throat, running into a single patch in the blade.

For previous introduction see 79029.

92496. IRIS WILSONI Wright ... Wilson iris.

An iris from western China, about 2 feet high. The flowers are yellow with some purple venation in the falls.

For previous introduction see 92319.

92497. NOTHOSCORDUM BIVALVE (L). Britton (N. striatum Kunth.). Liliaceae.

A bulbous perennial with linear basal leaves and a scape about 1 foot high, bearing an umbel of small yellow flowers.

92498 to 92500. PRIMULA spp. Primrose.

92498. PRIMULA FLORIBUNDA Wall.

Variety Isabellina. sulphur-yellow flowers. A form with

92499. PRIMULA FLORINDAE K. Ward.

A Tibetan primrose about 3 feet high, one of the Sikkimensis section, with fragrant, cowslip-yellow flowers in an immense head of 60 to 80 flowers. The very large leaves resemble those of Cattha palustris in shade, and the plant grows near running streams.

For previous introduction see 79103.

92500. PRIMULA HELODOXA Balf.

A large Chinese primrose of the section Candelabra, with flower stalks like those of *P. japonica*, about 3 feet high, which have seven or eight tiers of soft-yellow flowers resembling in color and size those of *Jasminum primulinum*. It requires a moist but well-drained site and a fairly mild climate climate.

For previous introduction see 79105.

92501. ZEPHYRANTHES ANDERSONI (Herb.) Baker. Amaryllidaceae.

A bulbous perennial, native to Argentina, with narrowly linear, pale-green leaves 6 inches long and a scape as long as the leaves bearing a lilylike flower 1 inch long, bright yellow inside and coppery red outside.

92502. ENCEPHALARTOS LEMARINELIA-NUS Wildem. and Dur. Cycadaceae.

From Africa. Seeds presented by A. Cor-bisier-Baland, directeur, Jardin Botanique d'Eala, Belgian Congo. Received April

A cycad 3 to 7 feet high with compound leaves 2 to 3 feet long, made up of 18 to 22 rigid, coriaceous, glaucous, lanceolate leaflets 3 to 6 inches long It is native to tropical Africa.